

Credit Agricole CIB – UAE

Pillar 3 Market Disclosures
Quarter 1-2024

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1 Introduction

The Basel 3 agreements are structured around three pillars:

- **Pillar 1** determines the minimum capital adequacy requirements and ratio levels in accordance with current regulatory framework;
- **Pillar 2** supplements the regulatory approach with the quantification of a capital requirement covering the major risks to which the Bank is exposed, based on the methodologies specific to it;
- **Pillar 3** introduces new standards for financial disclosures to the market. These must detail the components of regulatory capital, the assessments of risks both with regard to the regulations applied and the activity during the period.

Credit Agricole CIB publishes the qualitative and quantitative information required for a large listed institution, included in the consolidation scope of the Credit Agricole S.A Group.

Solvency Management is primarily aimed at assessing the capital and ensuring it is sufficient to cover the risks to which Credit Agricole CIB is or may be exposed in light of its activities. To that end, Credit Agricole CIB group measures regulatory capital requirements (Pillar 1) and manages regulatory capital by relying on short and medium term forward looking measures, consistent with budget projections, based on a central economic scenario.

Credit Agricole S.A's subsidiaries under exclusive control and subject to compliance with capital requirements, including the Credit Agricole CIB Group are allocated capital at a consistent level, taking into account local regulatory requirements, the capital requirements needed to finance their development and a management buffer tailored to the volatility of their CET1 ratio.

In addition, the group has a comprehensive Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) developed in accordance with the interpretation of the regulatory texts below. The ICAAP includes in particular:

- governance of capital management
- measurement of economic capital requirements based on risk identification process and a quantification of capital requirements using an internal approach (Pillar 2)
- performance of ICAAP stress tests aimed at stimulating capital destruction after 3 years of an adverse economic scenario
- a qualitative ICAAP that formalizes the major areas of risk assessment.

The Pillar 3 disclosures, based on a common framework, are an effective means of informing the market about the risks faced by a bank, which will allow market participants to assess key information on the scope of application, capital, risk exposure, risk assessment process and hence the capital adequacy of the bank.

Verification:

The Pillar 3 Disclosures have been prepared in accordance with the latest Capital Adequacy Standards issued by UAE Central bank. This report has been jointly compiled by Risk & Finance department. Pillar 3 disclosures have been independently reviewed by the internal audit department and approved by Bank's Senior Management.

Applicability of Pillar III disclosure templates:

The below set of disclosures are currently not applicable for CACIB UAE Onshore Branches and hence have not been included in these disclosures.

Table	Information Overview	Format	Disclosure Frequency
LIQ1	Liquidity Coverage Ratio	Fixed	Quarterly

2 Overview of Risk management, Key Prudential Metrics and RWA

2.1 Key metrics (KM1)

Key prudential regulatory metrics related to regulatory capital, leverage ratio and liquidity standards have been included in the following table.

	MAR-24 AED 000	DEC-23 AED 000	SEP-23 AED 000	JUN-23 AED 000	MAR-23 AED 000
Available capital (amounts)					
1	387,815	372,933	372,896	372,896	372,896
1a	387,815	372,933	372,896	372,896	372,896
2	387,815	372,933	372,896	372,896	372,896
2a	387,815	372,933	372,896	372,896	372,896
3	387,815	372,933	372,896	372,896	372,896
3a	387,815	372,933	372,896	372,896	372,896
Risk-weighted assets (amounts)					
4	606,582	578,265	731,649	730,378	804,558
Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA					
5	63.93%	64.49%	50.97%	51.06%	46.35%
5a	63.93%	64.49%	50.97%	51.06%	46.35%
6	63.93%	64.49%	50.97%	51.06%	46.35%
6a	63.93%	64.49%	50.97%	51.06%	46.35%
7	63.93%	64.49%	50.97%	51.06%	46.35%
7a	63.93%	64.49%	50.97%	51.06%	46.35%
Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA					
8	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
9	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
10	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
11	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
12	53.43%	53.99%	40.47%	40.56%	35.85%
Leverage Ratio					
13	1,519,135	1,497,992	1,769,839	1,722,804	1,868,373
14	25.53%	24.90%	21.07%	21.64%	19.96%
14a	25.53%	24.90%	21.07%	21.64%	19.96%
14b	25.53%	24.90%	21.07%	21.64%	19.96%
ELAR					
21	496,145	466,609	473,804	388,672	441,350
22	192,773	225,885	276,583	260,630	339,549
23	257%	207%	171%	149%	130%
ASRR					
24	470,270	433,725	528,295	428,373	476,501
25	65,347	29,521	96,685	119,278	184,836
26	13.90%	6.81%	18.30%	27.84%	38.79%

Narrative Commentary:

Total risk-weighted assets (RWA): QoQ Variance is mainly due to increase in utilization of overdraft facilities.

ELAR: ELAR gradually increased during the quarter, the evolution QoQ mainly due to the movement in total liabilities (particularly due to the slight decrease in deposit within CACIB network).

•ASRR: Increase in ASRR ratio is due to increase in utilization of short term facilities by few clients.

2.2 Overview of Risk Management, Key Prudential Metrics and RWA (OV1)

The overall solvency ratio, as presented in the prudential ratio table is equal to the ratio of the total capital to the sum of the credit, market and operational risk-weighted exposures.

The following table provides an overview of total Risk Weighted Assets:

		a	b	c
		RWA		Minimum capital requirements
		MAR-24 AED 000	DEC-23 AED 000	MAR-24 AED 000
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	575,449	558,626	60,422
2	Of which: standardised approach (SA)	575,449	558,626	60,422
3				
4				
5				
6	Counterparty credit risk (CCR)	2	3	0
7	Of which: standardised approach for counterparty credit risk	2	3	0
8				
9				
10				
11				
12	Equity investments in funds - look-through approach	-	-	-
13	Equity investments in funds - mandate-based approach	-	-	-
14	Equity investments in funds - fall-back approach	-	-	-
15	Settlement risk	-	-	-
16	Securitisation exposures in the banking book	-	-	-
17				
18	Of which: securitisation external ratings-based approach (SEC-ERBA)	-	-	-
19	Of which: securitisation standardised approach (SEC-SA)		-	
20	Market risk	454	598	48
21	Of which: standardised approach (SA)	454	598	48
22				
23	Operational risk	30,677	19,039	3,221
24				
25				
26	Total (1+6+10+11+12+13+14+15+16+20+23)	606,582	578,265	63,691

Narrative Commentary:

Exposure remains in line with normal business operating activity, slight variation in credit risk exposure is mainly due to increase in overdraft utilization.

3 Leverage ratio

	a	b
	MAR-24	DEC-23
	AED 000	AED 000
On-balance sheet exposures		
1 On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and securities financing transactions (SFTs), but including collateral)	591,968	566,526
2 Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	-	0
3 (Deductions of receivable assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	-	0
4 (Adjustment for securities received under securities financing transactions that are recognised as an asset)	-	0
5 (Specific and general provisions associated with on-balance sheet exposures that are deducted from Tier 1 capital)	-	0
6 (Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	-	0
7 Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of rows 1 to 6)	591,968	566,526
Derivative exposures		
8 Replacement cost associated with <i>all</i> derivatives transactions (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	2	3
9 Add-on amounts for PFE associated with <i>all</i> derivatives transactions	-	0
10 (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)	-	0
11 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	-	0
12 (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)	-	0
13 Total derivative exposures (sum of rows 8 to 12)	2	3
Securities financing transactions		
14 Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	-	0
15 (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	-	0
16 CCR exposure for SFT assets	-	0
17 Agent transaction exposures	-	0
18 Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of rows 14 to 17)	-	0
Other off-balance sheet exposures		
19 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	2,395,733	2,276,302
20 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(1,468,568)	(1,344,839)
21 (Specific and general provisions associated with off-balance sheet exposures deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	-	0
22 Off-balance sheet items (sum of rows 19 to 21)	927,165.10	931,463
Capital and total exposures		
23 Tier 1 capital	387,815	372,933
24 Total exposures (sum of rows 7, 13, 18 and 22)	1,519,135	1,497,992
Leverage ratio		
25 Leverage ratio (including the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves)	25.53%	24.90%
25a Leverage ratio (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves)	-	0
26 CBUAE minimum leverage ratio requirement	3%	3%
27 Applicable leverage buffers	-	0

Narrative Commentary

Exposure remains in line with normal business operating activity, slight variation in credit risk exposure is mainly due to overdraft utilization.

4 Liquidity

4.1 Eligible Liquid Assets Ratio (ELAR) (AED 000)

1	High Quality Liquid Assets	Nominal amount	Eligible Liquid Asset
1.1	Physical cash in hand at the bank + balances with the CBUAE	496,145	
1.2	UAE Federal Government Bonds and Sukuks	0	
	Sub Total (1.1 to 1.2)	496,145	496,145
1.3	UAE local governments publicly traded debt securities	0	
1.4	UAE Public sector publicly traded debt securities	0	
	Sub total (1.3 to 1.4)	0	0
1.5	Foreign Sovereign debt instruments or instruments issued by their respective central banks	0	0
1.6	Total	496,145	496,145
2	Total liabilities		192,773
3	Eligible Liquid Assets Ratio (ELAR)		2.57

Note: Data is based on a simple averages of daily observations over the Q1 2024 (i.e. starting from 1st of Jan 2024 to end of Mar 31, 2024) as per regulatory guidelines.

4.2 Advances to Stables Resource Ratio (ASRR) (AED 000)

	Items	Amount
1	Computation of Advances	
1.1	Net Lending (gross loans - specific and collective provisions + interest in suspense)	38,036
1.2	Lending to non-banking financial institutions	0
1.3	Net Financial Guarantees & Stand-by LC (issued - received)	19,898
1.4	Interbank Placements	7,413
1.5	Total Advances	65,347
2	Calculation of Net Stable Ressources	
2.1	Total capital + general provisions	392,146
	Deduct:	
2.1.1	Goodwill and other intangible assets	0
2.1.2	Fixed Assets	1,074
2.1.3	Funds allocated to branches abroad	0
2.1.5	Unquoted Investments	0
2.1.6	Investment in subsidiaries, associates and affiliates	0
2.1.7	Total deduction	1,074
2.2	Net Free Capital Funds	391,072
2.3	Other stable resources:	
2.3.1	Funds from the head office	0
2.3.2	Interbank deposits with remaining life of more than 6 months	0
2.3.3	Refinancing of Housing Loans	0
2.3.4	Borrowing from non-Banking Financial Institutions	0
2.3.5	Customer Deposits	79,198
2.3.6	Capital market funding/ term borrowings maturing after 6 months from reporting date	0
2.3.7	Total other stable resources	79,198
2.4	Total Stable Resources (2.2+2.3.7)	470,270
3	Advances TO STABLE RESOURCES RATIO (1.6/ 2.4*100)	13.90