5.6 LEGAL RISKS

The main legal and tax proceedings outstanding for Crédit Agricole CIB and its fully-consolidated subsidiaries are described on pages 193 and 194 of the 2016 management report, which is included in the Registration document filed with the AMF on 22 March 2017 under number D.17-0208.

Any legal risks outstanding at 30 June 2017 that could have a negative impact on the Group’s net assets have been covered by provisions corresponding to the best estimate by the Executive Management on the basis of the information it has.

To date, to the best of Crédit Agricole CIB’s knowledge, there is no other governmental, judiciary or arbitration proceeding (or any proceeding known by the Company, in abeyance or that threatens it) that could have or has had, within the previous 12 months, any substantial effect on the financial situation or the profitability of the Company and/or the Group.

OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL (OFAC)

In October 2015, Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank (Crédit Agricole CIB) and its holding company Crédit Agricole S.A. reached agreements with the US and New York authorities that had been conducting investigations regarding US dollar transactions with countries subject to US economic sanctions. The events covered by this agreement took place between 2003 and 2008.

Crédit Agricole CIB and Crédit Agricole S.A., which cooperated with the US and New York authorities in connection with their investigations, have agreed to pay a total penalty amount of $787.3 million (i.e. €692.7 million). The payment of this penalty has been allocated to the pre-existing reserve that had already been taken and, therefore, has not affected the accounts for the second half of 2015.

The agreements with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Federal Reserve) and the New York State Department of Financial Services (NYDFS) are with CASA and Crédit Agricole CIB. The agreement with the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) of the US Department of the Treasury is with Crédit Agricole CIB. Crédit Agricole CIB also entered into separate deferred prosecution agreements (DPAs) with the United States Attorney’s Office for the District of Columbia (USAO) and the District Attorney of the County of New York (DANY), the terms of which are three years. The USAO and DANY have agreed to take no further action against Crédit Agricole CIB, CASA, or any of Crédit Agricole CIB’s subsidiaries or affiliates regarding the conduct subject to this investigation if Crédit Agricole CIB complies with its obligations under the DPAs.

Within the framework of the implementation of these agreements, Crédit Agricole continues to strengthen its internal procedures and its compliance programs regarding laws on international sanctions and will continue to cooperate fully with the US and New York authorities regarding this matter, with its home regulators, the European Central Bank and the French Regulatory and Resolution Supervisory Authority (ACPR), and with the other regulators across its worldwide network.

Pursuant to the agreements with NYDFS and the US Federal Reserve, Crédit Agricole’s compliance program will be subject to regular reviews to evaluate its effectiveness, including by a review by an independent consultant who will be appointed by NYDFS for a term of one year and annual reviews by an independent consultant approved by the Federal Reserve.

EURIBOR/LIBOR AND OTHER INDICES

Crédit Agricole CIB and its holding company Crédit Agricole S.A., in their capacity as contributors to a number of interbank rates, have received requests for information from a number of authorities as part of investigations into: (i) the calculation of the Libor (London Interbank Offered Rates) in a number of currencies, the Euribor (Euro Interbank Offered Rate) and certain other market indices; and (ii) transactions connected with these rates and indices. These demands covered several periods from 2005 to 2012.

As part of its cooperation with the authorities, Crédit Agricole CIB and its holding company Crédit Agricole S.A. carried out investigations in order to gather the information requested by the various authorities and in particular the American authorities – the DOJ (Department of Justice) and CFTC (Commodity Future Trading Commission) – with which they are in discussions. It is currently not possible to know the outcome of these discussions, nor the date when they will be concluded.

Furthermore, Crédit Agricole CIB is currently under investigation opened by the Attorney General of the State of Florida on both the Libor and the Euribor.

Following its investigation and an unsuccessful settlement procedure, on 21 May 2014, the European Commission sent a notification of grievances to Crédit Agricole S.A. and to Crédit Agricole CIB pertaining to agreements or concerted practices for the purpose and/or effect of preventing, restricting or distorting competition in derivatives related to the Euribor.